

TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: N121X5 -L06

Customer : Lenovo

Approved by : Y. Hirota

Note : NB Sub-System Procurement Eng.
Lenovo Japan
Nov/28/2006

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
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- CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY	-----	3
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION	-----	4
1.1 OVERVIEW		
1.2 FEATURES		
1.3 APPLICATION		
1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS		
1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	-----	5
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT		
2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS		
2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE		
2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	-----	7
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE		
3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM	-----	12
4.1 TFT LCD MODULE		
4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT	-----	13
5.1 TFT LCD MODULE		
5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		
5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL		
5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT		
5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE		
5.6 EDID SIGNAL SPECIFICATION		
6. INTERFACE TIMING	-----	20
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS		
6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE		
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	-----	22
7.1 TEST CONDITIONS		
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
8. PRECAUTIONS	-----	25
8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS		
8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS		
8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS		
9. PACKING	-----	26
9.1 CARTON		
9.2 PALLET		
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS	-----	27
10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL		
10.2 CARTON LABEL		

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 1.0	Sep. 29. '06	All	All	Preliminary Specification was first issued.
Ver 2.0	Nov. 13. '06	All	All	Approval Specification was first issue
	Nov. 15. '06	9	3.2	Backlight unit Power Consumption TEST condition change 6mA to 5mA. Lamp Life Time change Min10,000H(6.0mA) to 12,000H(5.0mA). Lamp Current change Min 3.0mA Typ 6.0mA to Min no Spec Typ 5.0mA. Operating Frequency change Min50KHz to Min 45kHz. Lamp Turn On Voltage change MAX 1340V 0 to Max 1300V 0 .
Ver 3.0	Nov.22. '06	20	6.1	DCLK Frequency change Min 50MHz to Min 43.3MHz.
		21	6.2	Modify Power on/off sequence.
		4	1.4	Modify the surface treatment from 41% to 42% (Haze value)
		7	3.1	Modify power supply current.
		22	7.1	Modify the inverter current from 6mA to 5mA
		22	7.2	Modify the Wx ..
		27	10	Modify DEFINITION OF LABELS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

N121X5 -L06 is a 12.1" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with single CCFL Backlight unit and 20 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1024 x 768 XGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Thin and light weight
- XGA (1024 x 768 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock
- Support EDID Structure Version 1 Revision 3

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

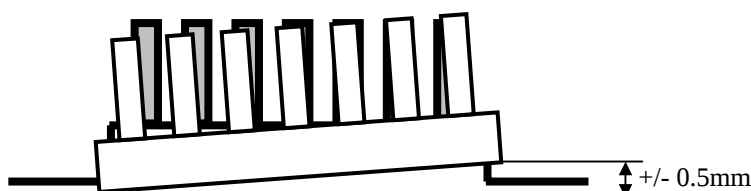
Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	245.76 (H) X 184.32 (V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	250.5 (H) x 188.9 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1024 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.24 (H) x 0.24 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (2H), Anti-glare (Haze 42 %)	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	260.5	261	261.5	mm	(1)
	Vertical(V)	197.5	198	198.5	mm	
	Depth(D)	--	4.7	5.0	mm	
Weight		--	260	270	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position



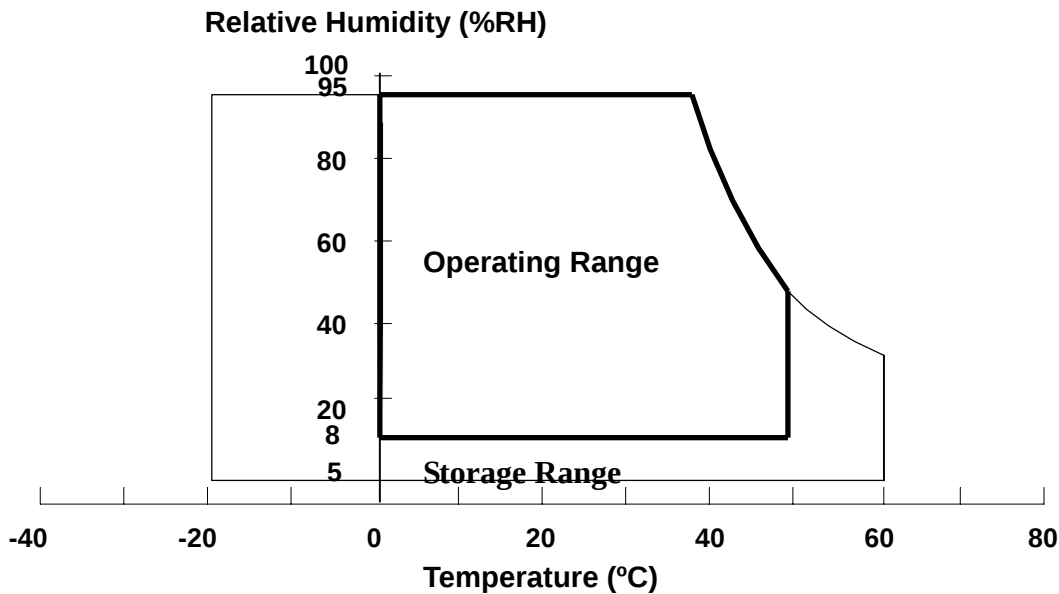
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S_{NOP}	-	210/50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. ($T_a = 40$ °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. ($T_a > 40$ °C).
- (c) No condensation.

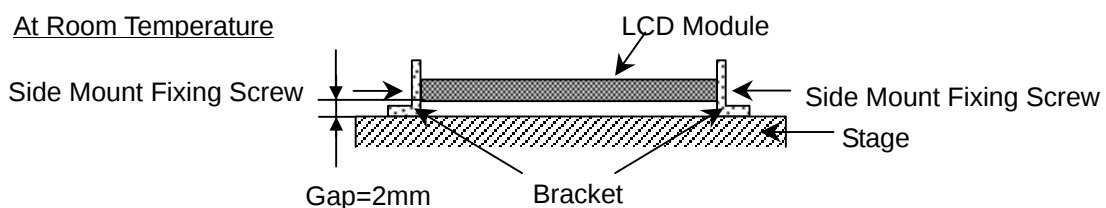


Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 50 °C Max.

Note (3) 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$. for Condition (210G / 3ms) is half Sine Wave, Condition (50G / 18ms) is Rectangle Wave,

Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 0.5 Hr / Cycle, 1 cycles for each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture. The fixing condition is shown as below:



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	V _{CC} +0.3	V	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Lamp Voltage	V _L	-	2.5K	V _{RMS}	(1), (2), I _L = (6.0) mA
Lamp Current	I _L	-	6.5	mA _{RMS}	
Lamp Frequency	F _L	-	80	KHz	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to Section 3.2 for further information).

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

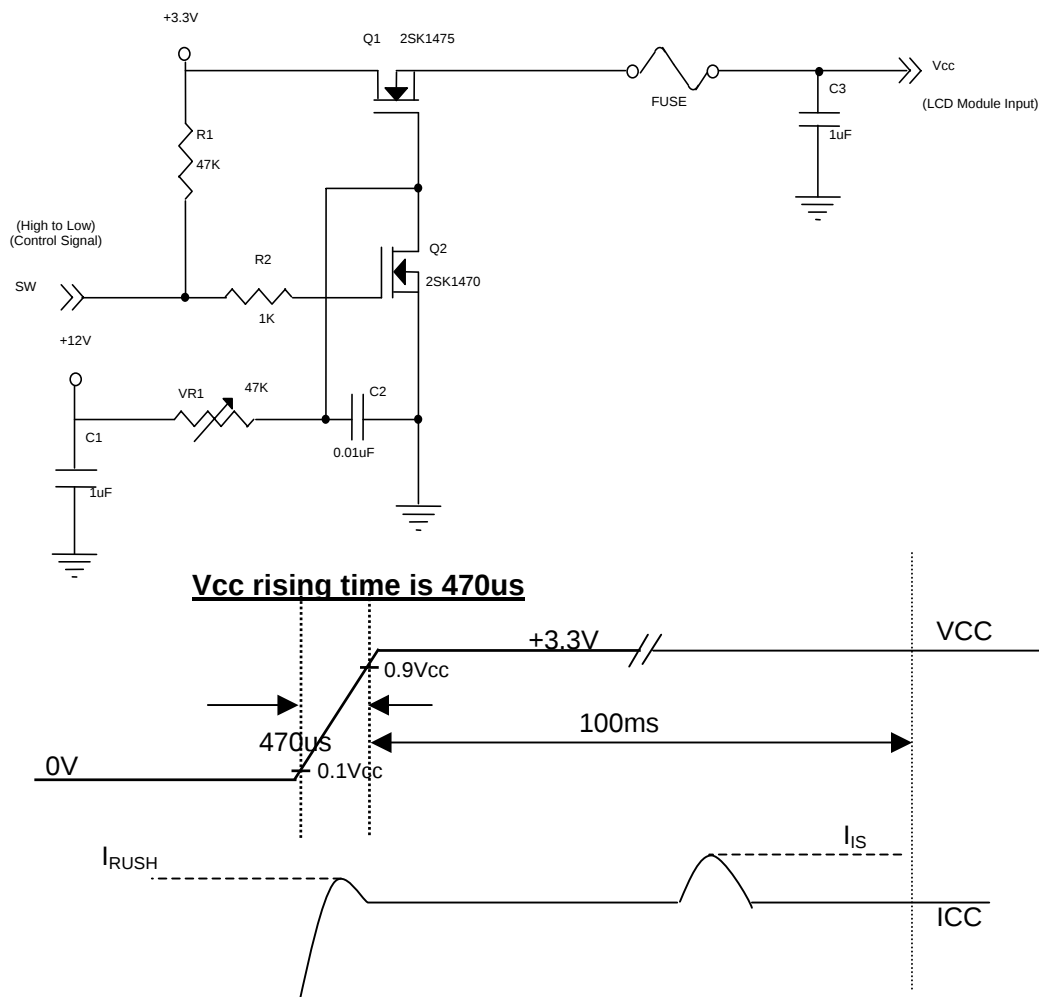
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Permissible Ripple Voltage	V _{RP}		50		mV	-
Rush Current	I _{RUSH}			1.5	A	(2)
Initial Stage Current	I _{IS}			1.0	A	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	I _{CC}	240	280	mA	(3)a
	Black		290	340	mA	(3)b
LVDS Differential Input High Threshold	V _{TH(LVDS)}			+100	mV	(5), V _{CM} =1.2V
LVDS Differential Input Low Threshold	V _{TL(LVDS)}	-100			mV	(5), V _{CM} =1.2V
LVDS Common Mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.125		1.375	V	(5)
LVDS Differential Input Voltage	V _{ID}	100		600	mV	(5)
Terminating Resistor	R _T		100		Ohm	
Power per EBL WG	P _{EBL}	-	2.6	-	W	(4)

Note (1) The ambient temperature is Ta = 25 ± 2 °C.

Note (2) I_{RUSH}: the maximum current when VCC is rising

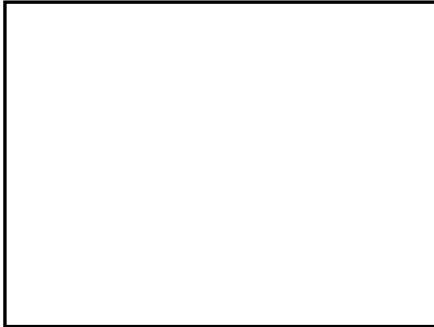
I_{IS}: the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on

Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. Test pattern: black.



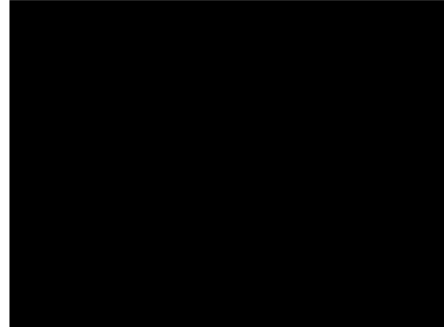
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern



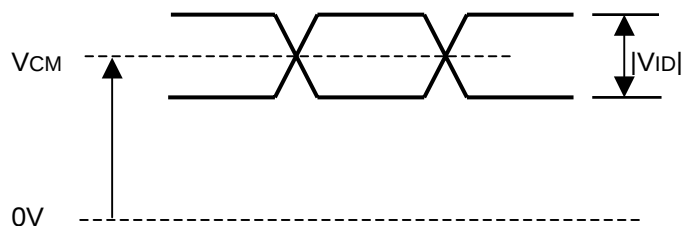
Active Area

Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the inverter input power. Test conditions are as follows.

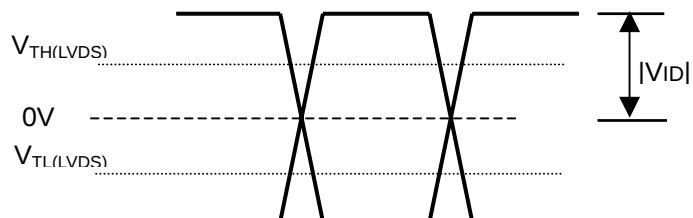
- (a) $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$,
- (b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.
- (c) Luminance: 60 nits.
- (d) The inverter used is provided from Sumida. Please contact them for detail information. CMO doesn't provide the inverter in this product.

Note (5) The parameters of LVDS signals are defined as the following figures.

Single Ended



Differential

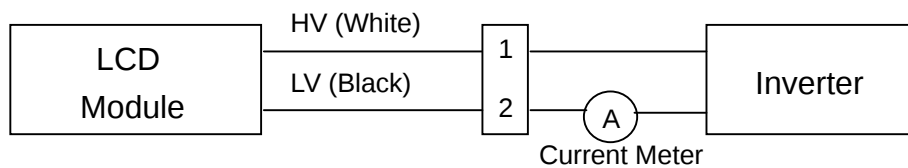


3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

 $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	-	624	-	V_{RMS}	$I_L = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	I_L	-	5.0	-	mA_{RMS}	(1),(7)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	V_S	-	-	1170 (25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$)	V_{RMS}	(2)
		-	-	1300 (0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$)	V_{RMS}	(2)
Operating Frequency	F_L	45	-	80	KHz	(3)
Power Consumption	P_L	-	3.12	-	W	(4), $I_L = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Life Time	L_{BL}	12,000	-	-	Hrs	(5)

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

Note (3) The lamp frequency may generate interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$

Note (5) The lifetime of lamp is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $I_L = 5.0 \text{ mA}_{RMS}$ until one of the following events occurs:

- (a) When the brightness becomes 50% of its original value.
- (b) When the effective ignition length becomes 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that the brightness is less than 70% compared to the center point.)

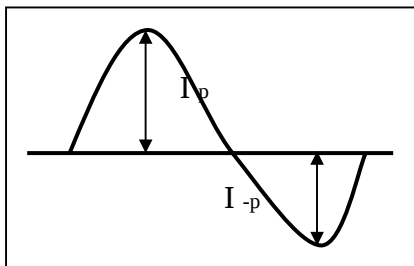
Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid generating too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter,

which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$;



* Asymmetry rate:

$$| I_p - I_{-p} | / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

$$I_p \text{ (or } I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

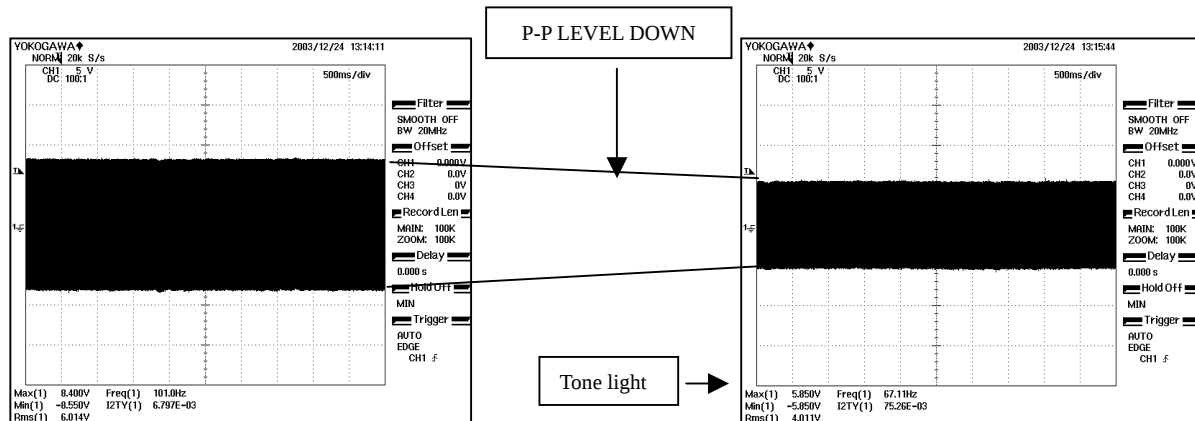
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.

Note (7) About operating current min 2.0mA , lamp maker has some advice as below

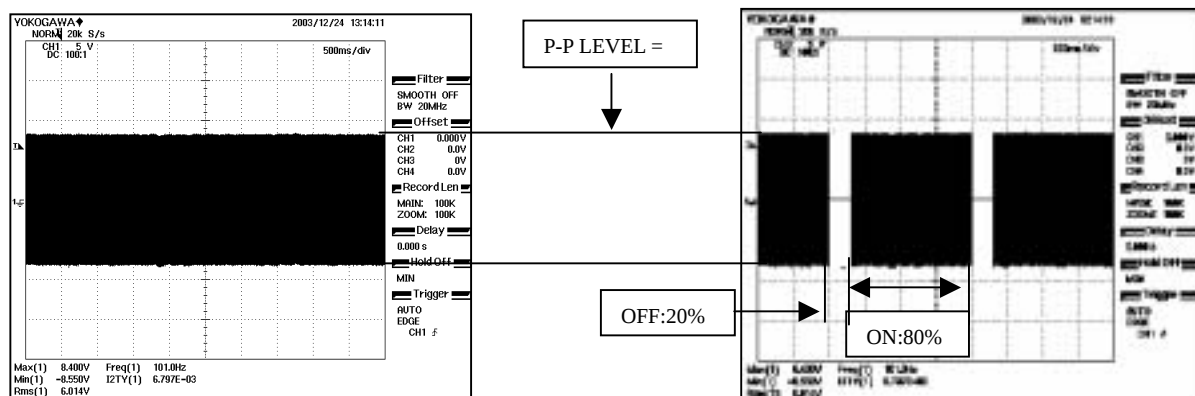
(Reference) Light quantity adjustment method

Explanation and comparison of the kind of tone light:

Lamp current wave-like by the adjustment of the current.



Lamp current wave-like by the adjustment of the burst.



Comparative table

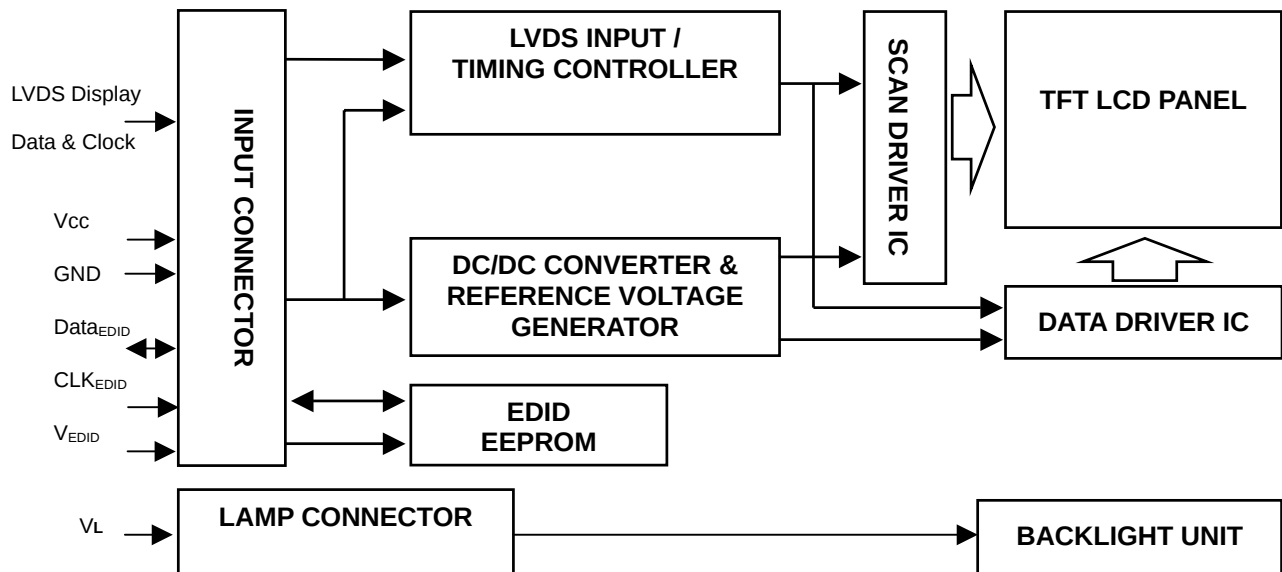
Method	Backlight efficiency (INV + LAMP)	Tone light rate (%)	Circuitry
current	Good (75 % 85%)	58	Complicated
burst	Bad (65 % 75%)	10	Easy

Method of case that Lamp current MIN2.0mA is controlled.

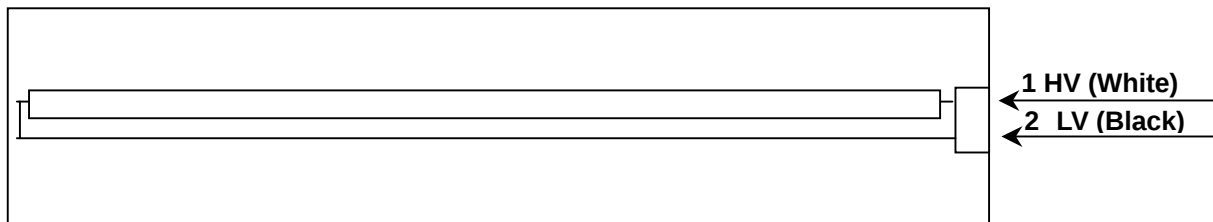
It is the setting of minimum 2mA (MIN) to Lamp current 6.0mA in the lamp specification. The burst is excellent for circuitry. The marker proposes that pays attention to the following contents.

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	Vss	Ground		
2	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
3	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
4	V _{EDID}	DDC 3.3V Power		DDC 3.3V Power
5	NC	Non-Connection		
6	CLK _{EDID}	DDC Clock		DDC Clock
7	DATA _{EDID}	DDC Data		DDC Data
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	R0~R5,G0
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
10	Vss	Ground		
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	G1~G5,B0,B1
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
13	Vss	Ground		
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	B2~B5,DE,Hsync,Vsync
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
16	Vss	Ground		
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	LVDS Level Clock
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	
19	Vss	Ground		
20	Vss	Ground		

Note (1) The first pixel is even.

Note (2) Connector Part No.: HIROSE DF19L-20P-1H or equivalent

Note (3) User's connector Part No: HIROSE DF19G-20S-1C or equivalent

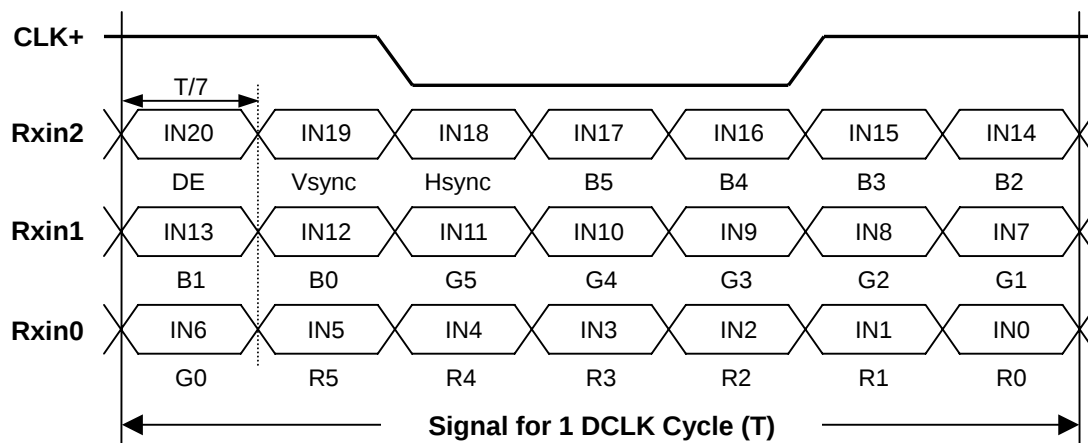
5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Color
1	HV	High Voltage	White
2	LV	Ground	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JST-SM02B-BHSS-1-TB or equivalent

5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL



5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																	
		Red						Green						Blue					
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPD standards.

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
0	0	Header	00	00000000
1	1	Header	FF	11111111
2	2	Header	FF	11111111
3	3	Header	FF	11111111
4	4	Header	FF	11111111
5	5	Header	FF	11111111
6	6	Header	FF	11111111
7	7	Header	00	00000000
8	8	ID system Manufacturer Name	30	00110000
9	9	Compressed ASCII	AE	10101110
10	0A	ID Product Code (LSB)	00	00000000
11	0B	ID Product Code (MSB)	40	01000000
12	0C	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	00	00000000
13	0D	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	00	00000000
14	0E	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	00	00000000
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	00	00000000
16	10	Week of Manufacture	30	00110000
17	11	Year of Manufacture	10	00010000
18	12	EDID Structure version	01	00000001
19	13	EDID Revision	03	00000011
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P, non TMDS CRGB	80	10000000
21	15	Max H image size(cm) = 30.5 cm	19	00011001
22	16	Max V image size(cm) = 18.3 cm	12	00010010
23	17	Display gamma	78	01111000
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	EA	11101010
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	FE	11111110
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	60	01100000
27	1B	Red X	95	10010101
28	1C	Red Y	55	01010101
29	1D	Green X	51	01010001
30	1E	Green Y	87	10000111
31	1F	Blue X	26	00100110
32	20	Blue Y	22	00100010
33	21	White X	50	01010000
34	22	White Y	54	01010100
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(If not used)	21	00100001
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	08	00001000
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(If not used)	00	00000000
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	01	00000001
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	01	00000001
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	01	00000001
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	01	00000001

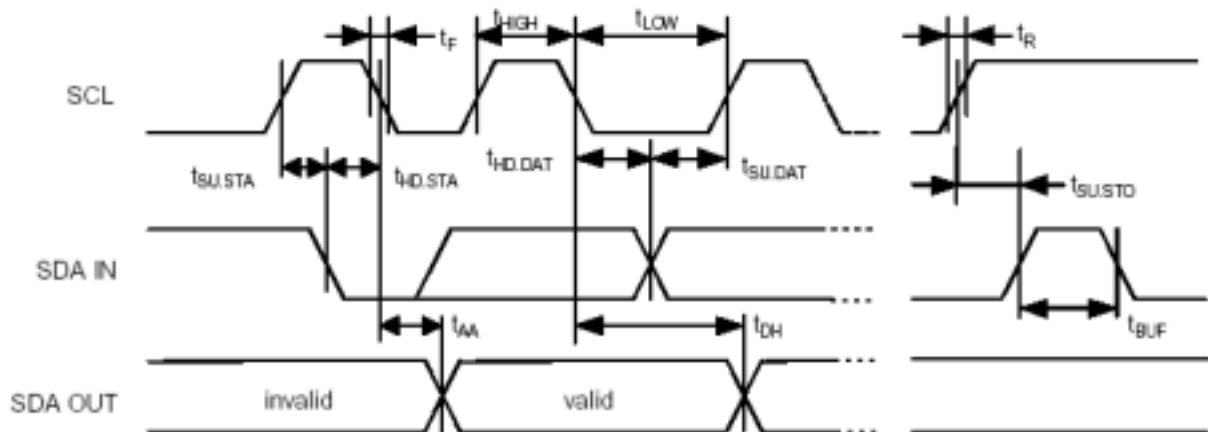
Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	01	00000001
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	01	00000001
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	01	00000001
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	01	00000001
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	01	00000001
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	01	00000001
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	01	00000001
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	01	00000001
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	01	00000001
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	01	00000001
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	01	00000001
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	01	00000001
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB)	28	00101000
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) /	15	00010101
56	38	Horizontal Active	00	00000000
57	39	Horizontal Blanking	40	01000000
58	3A	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking	41	01000001
59	3B	Vertical Active	00	00000000
60	3C	Vertical Blanking	26	00100110
61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking	30	00110000
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset	18	00011000
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width	88	10001000
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset : Sync Width	36	00110110
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	00	00000000
66	42	Horizontal Image Size	F6	11110110
67	43	Vertical Image Size	B8	10111000
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size (upper 4bit)	00	00000000
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	00	00000000
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	00	00000000
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol negatives	18	00011000
72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 40Hz	ED	11101101
73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) / 40Hz	10	00010000
74	4A	Horizontal Active	00	00000000
75	4B	Horizontal Blanking	40	01000000
76	4C	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking	41	01000001
77	4D	Vertical Active	00	00000000
78	4E	Vertical Blanking	26	00100110
79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking	30	00110000
80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset	18	00011000
81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width	88	10001000
82	52	Vertical Sync Offset : Sync Width	36	00110110
83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	00	00000000
84	54	Horizontal Image Size	F6	11110110
85	55	Vertical Image Size	B9	10111001

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
86	56	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size (upper 4bit)	00	00000000
87	57	Horizontal Border = 0	00	00000000
88	58	Vertical Border = 0	00	00000000
89	59	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol negatives	18	00011000
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	00	00000000
91	5B		00	00000000
92	5C		00	00000000
93	5D		0F	00001111
94	5E		00	00000000
95	5F	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31	61	01100001
96	60	Image Aspect Ratio(16:10)	43	01000011
97	61	Low Refresh Rate #1(50Hz)	32	00110010
98	62	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31	61	01100001
99	63	Image Aspect Ratio(16:10)	43	01000011
100	64	Low Refresh Rate #2(40Hz)	28	00101000
101	65	Brightness(1/10nit)	0F	00001111
102	66	Feature flag(TN mode)	01	00000001
103	67	Reserved 00h	00	00000000
104	68	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID)	0D	00001101
105	69	Compressed ASCII	AF	10101111
106	6A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	07	00000111
107	6B	(Hex, LSB first)	14	00010100
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	00	00000000
109	6D		00	00000000
110	6E		00	00000000
111	6F		FE	11111110
112	70		00	00000000
113	71	(Supplier S/N)	4E	01001110
114	72	(Supplier S/N)	31	00110001
115	73	(Supplier S/N)	32	00110010
116	74	(Supplier S/N)	31	00110001
117	75	(Supplier S/N)	58	01011000
118	76	(Supplier S/N)	35	00110101
119	77	(Supplier S/N)	2d	00101101
120	78	(Supplier S/N)	4C	01001100
121	79	(Supplier S/N)	30	00110000
122	7A	(Supplier S/N)	36	00110110
123	7B	(Supplier S/N)	20	00100000
124	7C	(Supplier S/N)	20	00100000
125	7D	(Supplier S/N)	20	00100000
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	ED	11101101

5.6 EDID SIGNAL SPECIFICATION

(1) EDID Power

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	Read Operation	2.2	—	5.5	V



(2) DC characteristics

		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Index
SCL, SDA terminal input voltage	High Voltage	VIH	0.7 V _{CC}	—	V	
	Low Voltage	VIL	—	0.3 V _{CC}	V	
Hysteresis Voltage		VHYS	0.05 V _{CC}	—	V	
Output Voltage		VOL1 VOL2	—	0.4 0.6	V	IOL=3mA, CC=2.5V IOL=6mA, CC=2.5V
Input Leak current (Vin =0.1V~VCC)		ILI	-10 -10	10 50	uA	WP=VSS WP=VCC
Output Leak current		ILO	-10	10	uA	Vout =0.1V~VCC, WP=VSS
Terminal capacity(Input, Output)		Cin, Cout	—	10	pF	VCC=5.0V Ta=25°C, Fclk=1.0MHz
Operating current		ICC Write ICC Read	—	3 1	mA	VCC=5.5V, SCL=400KHz
Stillness current (SDA=SCL=VCC) (WP=VSS,A0,A1,A2=VSS)		ICCS	—	30 100	uA	VCC=3.0V VCC=5.5V

(3) AC characteristics (VCC=2.5~5.5V standard operation mode)

Item	Symbol	VCC=2.5V-5.5V (Standard operation mode)		VCC=4.5V-5.5V (High-speed operation mode)			
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Index
Clock frequency	Fclk	—	100	—	400	KHz	
Clock High Time	THIGH	4000	—	900	—	ns	
Clock Low Time	TLOW	4700	—	1300	—	ns	
SDA, SCL falling time	TR	—	1000	—	300	ns	
SDA, SCL rising time	TF	—	300	—	300	ns	
START hold time	THD: STA	4000	—	600	—	ns	
START setup time	TSU: STA	4700	—	600	—	ns	
Data input hold time	THD: Data	0	—	0	—	ns	
Data input setup time	TSU: Data	250	—	100	—	ns	
STOP setup time	TSU: STO	4700	—	600	—	ns	
Output decision time from a clock	TAA	—	3500	100	900	ns	
Bus free time	TBUF	4700	—	1300	—	ns	
Rising time of Min VIH, VIL	TOF	—	250	20	250	ns	CB 100pF
Spike oppression	TSP	—	50	—	50	ns	
A write-in cycle time	TWR	—	10	—	10	ms	Byte and page mode
The number of times of data rewriting	—	1M	—	1M	—	cycles	VCC=5.0V Ta=25°C,

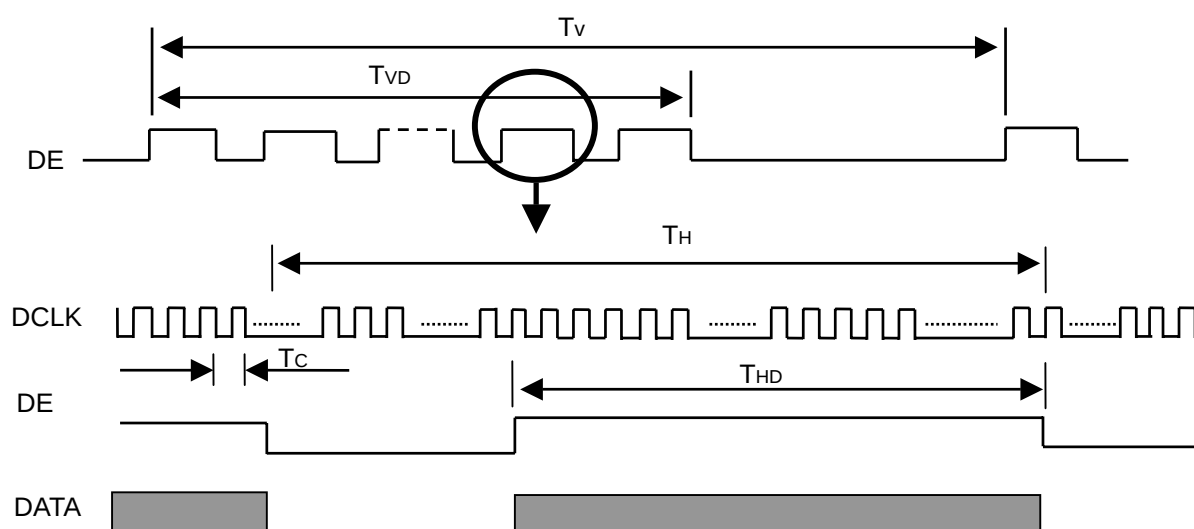
6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

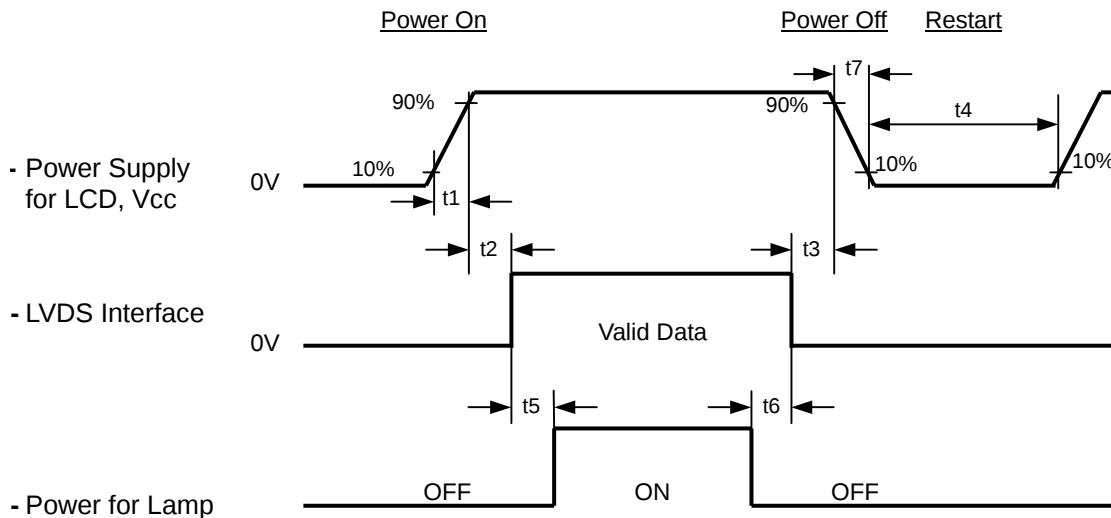
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	43.3	65	68	MHz	-
DE	Vertical Total Time	TV	771	806	850	TH	-
	Vertical Addressing Time	TVD	768	768	768	TH	-
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	1200	1344	1500	Tc	-
	Horizontal Addressing Time	THD	1024	1024	1024	Tc	-

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



Timing Specifications:

t1	10 msec
0 < t2	50 msec
0 < t3	
t4	150 msec
t5	200 msec
t6	0 msec
t7	10 msec (given by system)

Note (1) Please follow the power on/off sequence described above. Otherwise, the LCD module might be damaged.

Note (2) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.

Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time had better to follow 5 t7 300 ms.

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

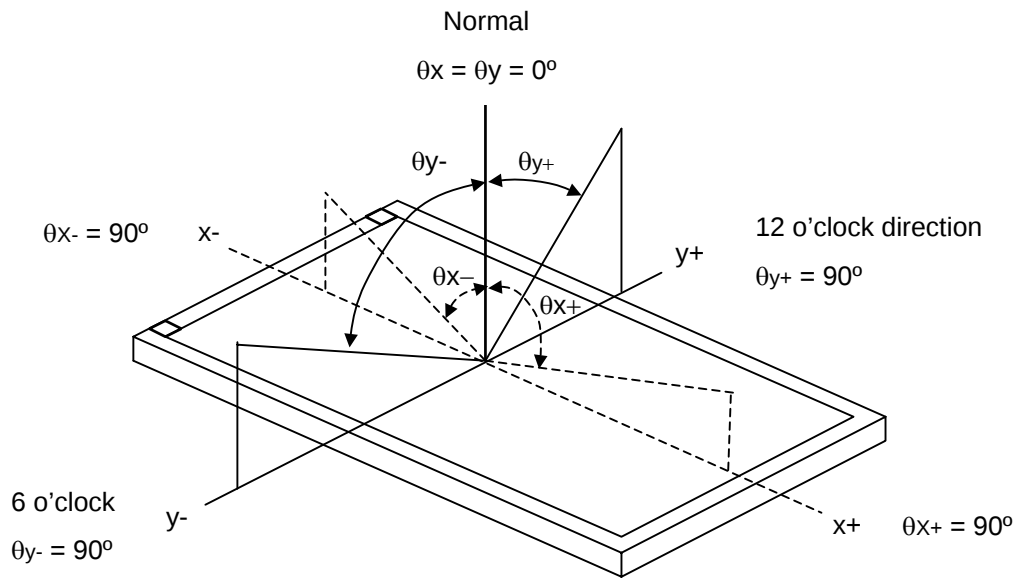
Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.3	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
Inverter Current	I _L	5.0	mA
Inverter Driving Frequency	F _L	61	KHz
Inverter	Sumida-H05-4915		

The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Symbol		Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note			
Contrast Ratio		CR		$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$ Viewing Normal Angle	180	300	-	-	(2), (5)			
Response Time		T _R			-	5	10	ms	(3)			
		T _F			-	11	16	ms				
Central Luminance of White		L _{AVE}			120	150	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)			
White Variation		δW	5pts				1.25	-	(5), (6)			
			13pts				1.54					
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rx			TYP -0.03	0.595 0.338 0.320 0.533 0.150 0.135	TYP +0.03	-	(1)			
		Ry						-				
	Green	Gx						-				
		Gy						-				
	Blue	Bx						-				
		By						-				
	White	Wx						0.285		0.313	0.341	-
		Wy						0.309		0.329	0.349	-
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x+}		CR≥10	40	45	-	Deg.				
		θ_{x-}			40	45	-					
	Vertical	θ_{y+}			15	20	-					
		θ_{y-}			40	45	-					

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_x , θ_y):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{63} / L_0$$

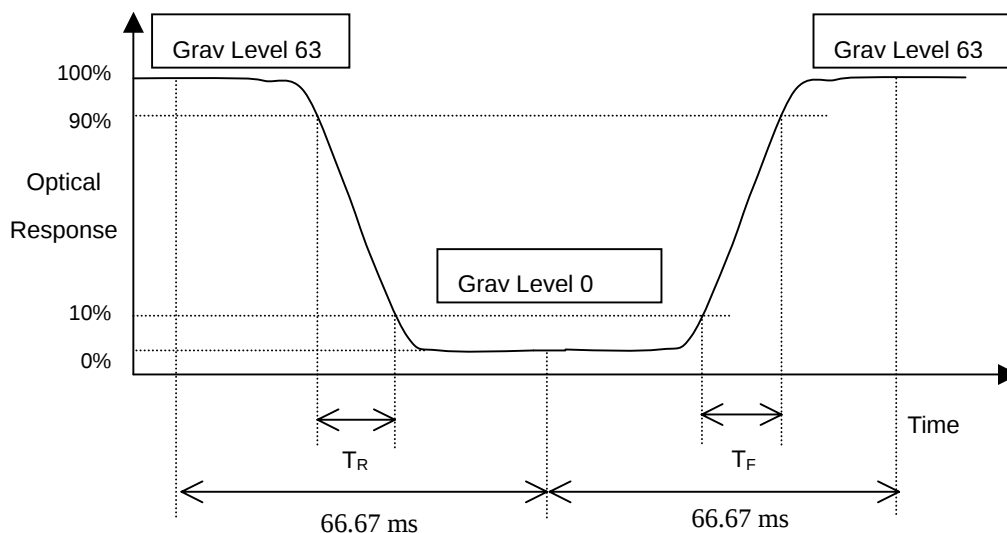
L_{63} : Luminance of gray level 63

L_0 : Luminance of gray level 0

$$CR = CR(5)$$

$CR(X)$ is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R , T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (L_{AVE}):

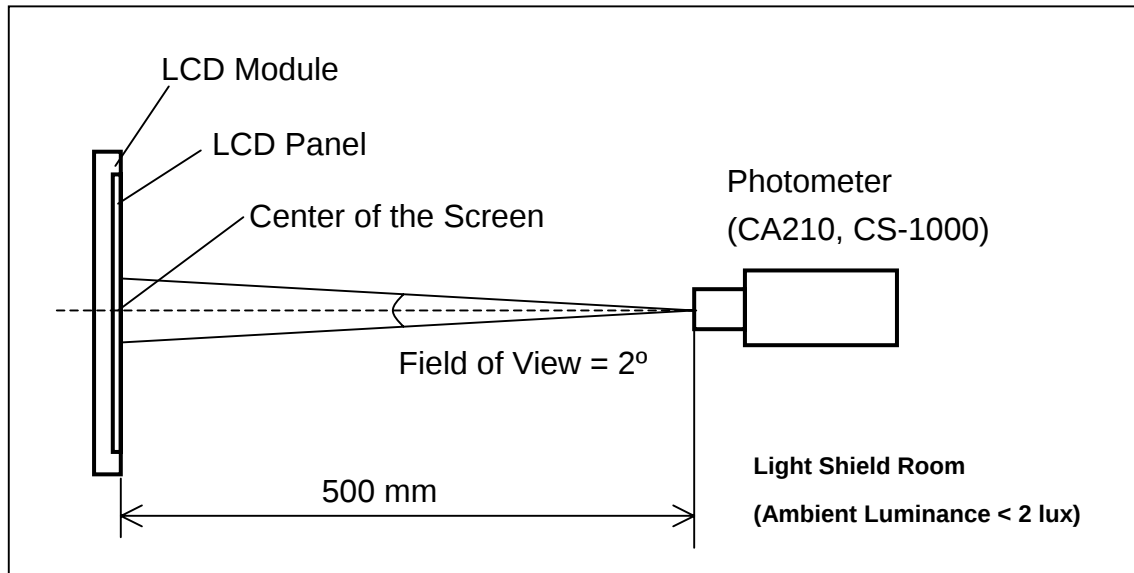
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

$L(x)$ is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.

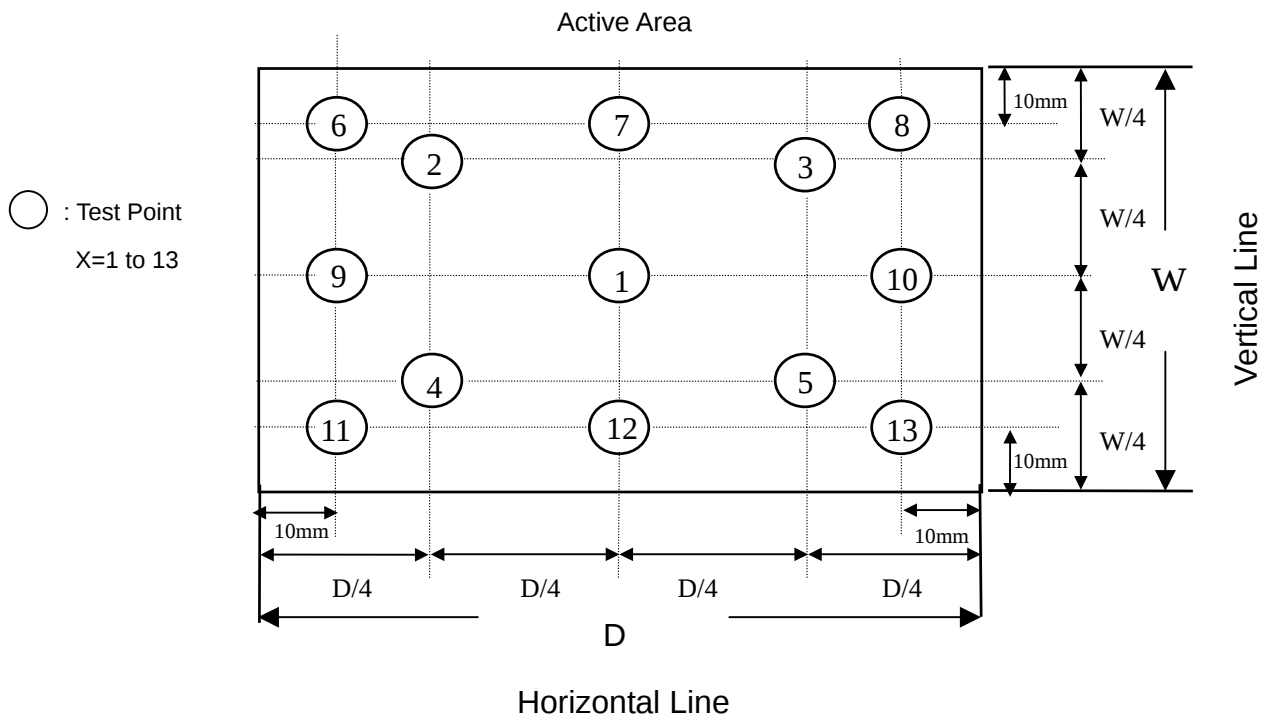


Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 13 points

$$\delta W_{5p} = \text{Maximum} [L(1), L(2), L(3), L(4), L(5)] / \text{Minimum} [L(1), L(2), L(3), L(4), L(5)]$$

$$\delta W_{13p} = \text{Maximum} [L(1) \sim L(13)] / \text{Minimum} [L(1) \sim L(13)]$$



8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

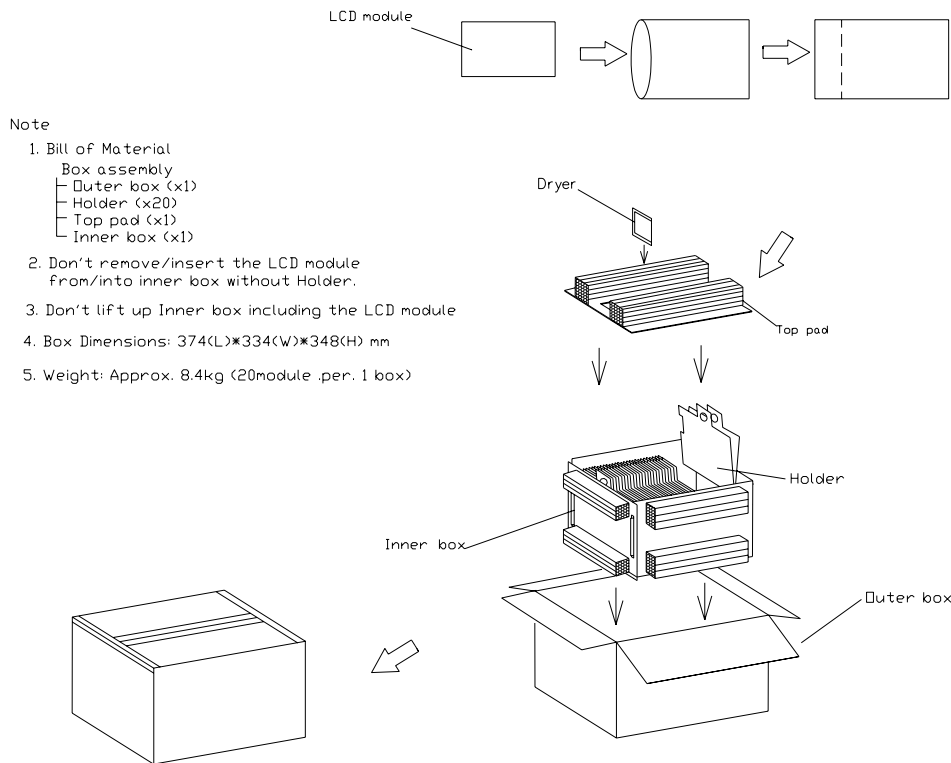
- (1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.
- (3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.

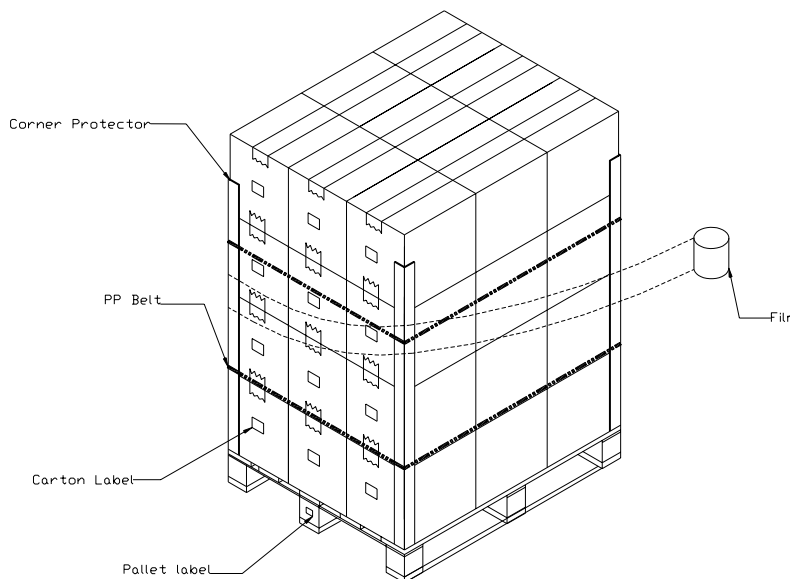
9. PACKING

9.1 CARTON



9.2 PALLET

NOTES:
 Corner Protector:L1170mm*50mm*50mm
 Pallet:L1180*W1000*H135mm
 Pallet Stock Dim:L1180*W1000*H1527mm
 Weight:Approx.317kg



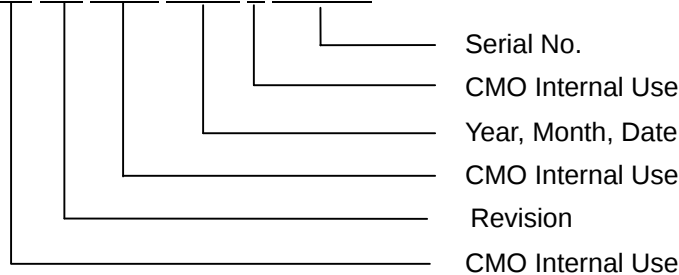
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: N121X5 - L06
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A1, ..., C1, C2 ...etc.
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

- (a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009
 Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.
 Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I , O and U
- (b) Revision Code: cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

For Lenovo's barcode content

11S PPPPPP Z1Z HHH SSSSSS YMM

- (a) 11S: Fixed characters.
- (b) PPPPPP (P/N): Customer part number 42T0342, fixed characters
- (c) Z1Z: Fixed characters.
- (d) HHH (Header Code): CKB
- (e) SSSSSS: Series number.
- (f) YMM: Y: The last character of year.
 MM: Month

10.2 CARTON LABEL



The image shows a template for a carton label. It features a header with the CHI MEI logo and company name. Below this, there are fields for PO.NO., Part ID, Model Name, and Carton ID, each followed by a line for a value. The Part ID field is pre-filled with 'P/N 42T0342' and the Model Name field is pre-filled with 'N121X5-L06'. There is also a field for Quantities. At the bottom, there is a 'Made in XXXX' field and a RoHS compliance logo (GP RoHS).

CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS

PO.NO. _____

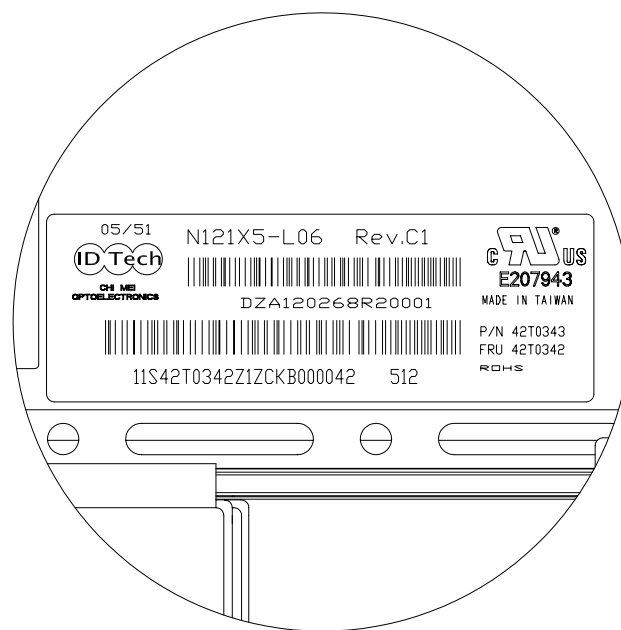
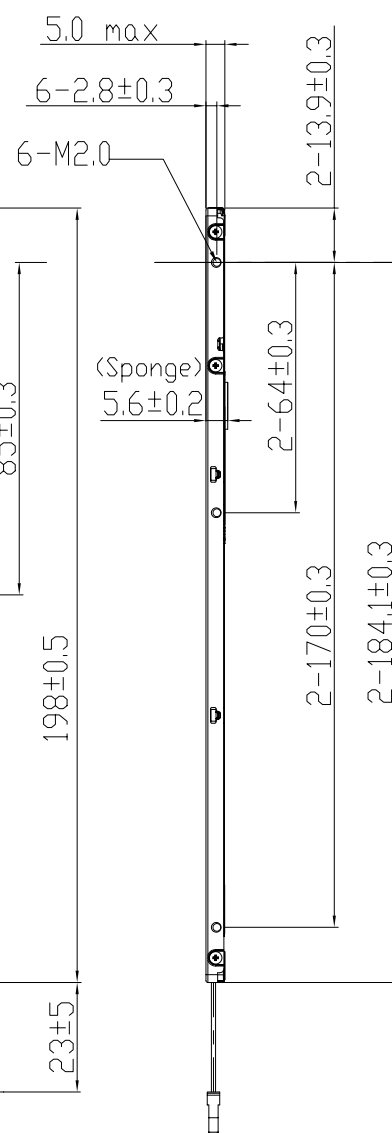
Part ID, _____ P/N 42T0342

Model Name _____ N121X5-L06

Carton ID. _____ Quantities _____

Made in XXXX

GP RoHS



1."*" MARKS THE DESIGN CRITICAL DIMENSION.
2."Ⓟ" MARKS THE PROCESS CRITICAL DIMENSION.
3.MIN. SCREW HOLE LENGTH: 2.5 mm.
4.MAX. SCREW TORQUE: 2.5 kgf-cm.
5.SIGNAL INTERFACE CONNECTOR: DF19L-20P-1H (HIROSE)
6.CCFL CONNECTOR: BHSR-02VS-1 (JST)

TITLE					N21X5-L06 Outline Drawing		2D REV. A	
							3D REV. 11	
Approved		Cliff Tsoi		Drawing No.		N2154114A		
Checked		Mulciber Hsieh		Part No.				
Drawer		Joye Wu		Material				Sheet 1 / 1 AI
Designer		Joye Wu		Date		09-9-2006		Scale 1:1 Unit/mm
		CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS CORP.		ALL RIGHTS RESERVED, COPYING FORBIDDEN.				

Mark	Description	Date	Changed_By	Approved_By	ECN No.	Remark